Shabbat Yitro 15 February 17 Sh'vat

Torah Reading:

Exodus 18:1-27

(1) Jethro priest of Midian, Moses' father-in-law, heard all that God had done for Moses and for Israel, God's people, how יהוה had brought Israel out from Egypt. (2) So Jethro, Moses' father-in-law, took Zipporah, Moses' wife, after she had been sent home, (3) and her two sons—of whom one was named Gershom, that is to say, "I have been a stranger*stranger Heb. ger. in a foreign land"; (4) and the other was named Eliezer,*Eliezer Lit. "(My) God is help." meaning, "The God of my father's [house] was my help, delivering me from the sword of Pharaoh." (5) Jethro, Moses' father-in-law, brought Moses' sons and wife to him in the wilderness, where he was encamped at the mountain of God. (6) He sent word to Moses, "I, your father-in-law Jethro, am coming to you, with your wife and her two sons." (7) Moses

שמות י"ח:א'-כ"ז

(א) וַיִּשִׁבַּّע יִתְרוֹ כֹהֵן מִדְיַן חֹתֵן ֹמשֵׁה אֵת בָּל־אֲשֵׂר עָשַה אֱלֹהִים לְמשָׁה וּלִיִשָּׁרָאֵל עַמִּוֹ כִּי־הוֹצִיַא יָהֹוָה אֶת־יִשִׂרָאֵל מִמְצְרַיִם: (ב) וַיִּקָּח יִתְרוֹ חֹתֵן מֹשָׁה אַת־צִפּרָה אָשֶׁת משֶׁה אַחַר שָלּוּחֵיהַ: (ג) ָוְאֵת שָׁנֵי בַנֵיהַ אֲשֵׁר שַׁם הַאֵּחָד גַרשׁם כִּי אַלַר גַר הַיִּיתִי בָּאֵרץ נַכִריַה: (ד) וְשֵׁיֵם הַאֶּחַד אֱלִיעֵזַר בִּי־אֱלֹהֵי אַבִי' בִּעָזוְרִי וַיַּצְלַנִי מֶחֶרֶב פַּרְעָה: (ה) וַיַּבֿא יִתְרוֹ חתן משה ובניו ואשתו אַל־מֹשֵׁה אֵל־הַמִּדְבָּרׁ אֲשֵׁר־הוָא חנה שם הַר הָאֵלהִים: (ו) וַיֹּאמֶר אַל־משָׁה אַנֵי חֹתֵנְךְ יִתְרְוֹ בָּא ָאַלֵּיך וִאִשְׁתִּךְּ וּשָׁנֵי בָנֵיהָ עִמָּה: (ז) וַיֵּצֵא משׁה לִקְרַאת חְתִנוֹ וַיִּשָׁתְרוּ וַיִּשָׁק־לוֹ וַיִּשְׁאֵלְוּ אַיש־לְרַעָהוּ לְשַׁלְוֹם וַיַּבאוּ

went out to meet his father-in-law; he bowed low and kissed him; each asked after the other's welfare, and they went into the tent. (8) Moses then recounted to his father-in-law everything that יהוה had done to Pharaoh and to the Egyptians for Israel's sake, all the hardships that had befallen them on the way, and how יהוה had delivered them. (9) And Jethro rejoiced over all the kindness that יהוה had shown Israel when delivering them from the Egyptians. (10) "Blessed be יהוה," Jethro said, "who delivered you from the Egyptians and from Pharaoh, and who delivered the people from under the hand of the Egyptians. (11) Now I know that יהוה is greater than all gods, yes, by the result of their very schemes against [the people]."*yes, by the result of their very schemes against [the people] Meaning of Heb. uncertain. (12) And Jethro, Moses' father-in-law, brought a burnt offering and sacrifices for God; and Aaron came with all the elders of Israel to partake of the meal before God with Moses' father-in-law. (13) Next day, Moses sat as magistrate among the people, while the people stood about Moses from morning until evening. (14) But when Moses' father-in-law saw how much he had to do for the people, he said, "What

הַאָהֵלָה: (ח) וַיִּסַפֵּּרָ מֹשֶׁה` ֹלְחַתְנוֹ אֵת בַל־אֲשֶׂר עֲשָׁה יִהוָה' לְפַרִעה וּלְמִצְרֵים עַל אוֹדת יִשָּׂרָאֵל אָת כַּל־הַתִּלָאַה אַשֵּׁר מָצָאַתַם בַּדָּרֵךְ וַיַּצְלַם יִהֹוָה: (ט) וַיָּחַדִּ יִתְרֹוֹ עַל כַּל־הַטּוֹבַּה אֲשֶׁר־עָשָׂה יִהֹוָה לִיִשִּׁרַאֵל אַשֵּׁר הָצִילְוֹ מִיַּד מִצְרֵיִם: (י) וַיֹּאמֵרֿ יָתַרוֹ בַּרִוּךְ יְהוָֹה אֲשֵׁר הָצִיל אָתְכֶם מִיַּד מִצְרֵים וּמִיַּד פַּרְעָה אַשֵׁר הִצִּיל אֶת־הַעָּׁם מִתַּחַת יַד־מִצְרַיִם: (יא) עַתַּה יַדְעָתִּי כִּי־גַדִול יִהוָה מִכַּל־הָאֵלהִים כִּי בָדָבָר אֲשֶׁר זָדְוּ עֵלֵיהַם: (יב) וַיִּפָּח יִתְרוֹ חֹתֵן מֹשֵׁה עלָה וּוְבַחִים לַאלהִים וַיַּבֹא אַהַרֹן וְכַלוֹ זָקְנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵלֹ לֵאֲכַל־לַחֶם עם־חתן משה לפני האלהים: (יג) וַיִּהִי מְמָּחֶרָת וַיֵּשֵׁב משֵׁה ֹלְשָׁפַּט אֵת־הָעָם וַיַּעֵמִד הָעָם צַל־מֹשֵׁה מִן־הַבּקֵר עַד־הָעָרָב: (יד) וַיַּרָא חֹתֵן מֹשֶׁה אֵת כָּל־אַשֵר־הוּא עשֵה לָעָם וַיּאמֵר ַמַה־הַדַּבַר הַזָּה אֲשֵׂר אַתַּה עשׁה לַעָּׁם מַדּוֹעַ אַתַּה יוֹשָב' לְבַדֵּׁךְ וְכַל־הָעָם נִצָּב עָלֵיך מִן־בֹּקֵר עַד־עַרב: (טו) וַיֹּאמֶר מֹשֵׁה לְחֹתְנָוֹ כִּי־יָבֹא אֱלַי הָעָם לְדְרְשׁ אֱלֹהִים: (טז) כִּי־יִהְיֵה לַהֵם דַּבַר` is this thing that you are doing to the people? Why do you act*act Lit. "sit" as magistrate; cf. v. 13. alone, while all the people stand about you from morning until evening?" (15) Moses replied to his father-in-law, "It is because the people come to me to inquire of God. (16) When they have a dispute, it comes before me, and I decide between one party and another, and I make known the laws and teachings of God." (17) But Moses' father-in-law said to him, "The thing you are doing is not right; (18) you will surely wear yourself out, and these people as well. For the task is too heavy for you; you cannot do it alone. (19) Now listen to me. I will give you counsel, and God be with you! You represent the people before God: you bring the disputes before God, (20) and enjoin upon them the laws and the teachings, and make known to them the way they are to go and the practices they are to follow. (21) You shall also seek out, from among all the people, capable individuals*individuals Lit. "participants whose involvement defines the depicted situation"; trad. "men." See the Dictionary under 'ish. who fear God—trustworthy ones who spurn ill-gotten gain. Set these over them as chiefs of thousands, hundreds, fifties, and tens, and (22)

בַא אֱלַי וִשָּׁפַטִּתִּי בֵּין אָישׁ וּבֵין ַרַעָהוּ וְהוֹדַעִתִּי אֵת־חַקֵּי הָאֵלֹהִים וְאֵת־תּוֹרֹתִיו: (יז) וַיֹּאֲמֶר חֹתֵן משֶה אֵלָיו לא־טוֹב' הַדַּבָּר אֲשֵׁר אַתַה עשַה: (יח) נַבל תַבַּל גָם־אַתָּה גַם־הַעָם הַזֵה אֲשֵׁר עִמַּך כָּי־כָבֵד מִמָּךְ הַדָּבָּר לֹא־תוּכַל עַשִהוּ לְבַדֵּך: (יט) עַתָּה שִׁמַע בַּקלִי אִיעַצִּדְ וִיהִי אֱלֹהִים עִמַּךְ הֵיָה אַתָּה לָעָם מִוּל הָאֵלהֹים והבאת אתה את־הדברים אֶל־הָאֱלֹהִים: (כ) וְהִזְהַרְתַּה אַתָהֶם אֵת־הַחָקִים וְאֵת־הַתּוֹרָת וְהוֹדַעָתָּ לָהֵםׁ אֵת־הַדֵּרֵרְ ֹיֵלְכוּ בָּה וָאֶת־הַמַּעשָה אֲשֶׁר יָעֲשְוּוְ: (כא) וְאַתָּה תֶחֵזֵה מִכַּל־הַּעַּׁם אַנְשֵׁי־חַיִּל יִרְאַי אֱלֹהָיִם אַנְשֵׁי אֱמֶת שֹנְאֵי בָצַע וִשַּׂמִתּ עַלֵהֵים שָׂבֵי אַלְפִּים שָׁבֵי מֵאֹוֹת שָּׂבִי חַמִשִּׁים וְשָׁרֵי צֵשָׂרָת: (כב) וְשַׁפִּטוּ אֵת־הַעַם בְּכַל־עֵת וְהַיַּה בָּל־הַדָּבָרְ הַנָּדל יָבִיאוּ אֵלֵיךְ וְכָל־הַדָּבָר הַקָּטוֹ יִשִּׁפָּטוּ־הֵם וָהָקֵל"מַעָלֵיך וְנָשִׂאוּ אִתַּך: (כג) ָאָם אֶת־הַדָּבָרְ הַזֶּה' תַּעֲשֶׂה וְצִוְּךְ אֱלהִים וִיָּכָלְתָּ עֲמִד וְגַם כָּל־הָעָם הַוָּה עַל־מִקמוֹ יָבֹא בִשְׁלְוֹם: (כד) וַיִּשִׁמַע משֵה לִקוֹל חתנוֹ וַיַּעשׁ כַּל אֲשֵר אֲמַר: (כה)

let them judge the people at all times. Have them bring every major dispute to you, but let them decide every minor dispute themselves. Make it easier for yourself by letting them share the burden with you. (23) If you do this—and God so commands you—you will be able to bear up; and all these people too will go home unwearied." (24) Moses heeded his father-in-law and did just as he had said. (25) Moses chose capable individuals*individuals See note at v. 21. out of all Israel, and appointed them heads over the people—chiefs of thousands, hundreds, fifties, and tens; (26) and they judged the people at all times: the difficult matters they would bring to Moses, and all the minor matters they would decide themselves. (27) Then Moses bade his father-in-law farewell, and he went his way to his own land.

וַיִּבְחַר מֹשֶׁה אַנְשִׁי־חַיִּל מִכָּל־יִשְׂרָאֵל וַיִּתֵּן אֹתָם רָאשִׁים מַלְ־הָעָם שָׁרֵי אֲלָפִים שָׁרֵי מֵאׁוֹת שָׁרֵי חֲמִשִּׁים וְשָׁרֵי עֲשָׂרְת: (כו) וְשִׁפְּטִוּ אֶת־הָעָם בְּכָל־עֵת אֶת־הַדָּבָר הַקָּשֶׁה יְבִיאוּוְ אֶל־מֹשֶׁה וְכָלֹ־הַדָּבָר הַקְּטַן יִשְׁפּוּטִוּ הָם: (כז) וַיְשַׁלְּח מֹשֶׁה אֶת־חֹתְנוֹ וַיֵּלֶךְ לְוֹ אֶל־אַרְצִוֹ: {פּ} אֶת־חֹתְנוֹ וַיֵּלֶךְ לְוֹ אֶל־אַרְצִוֹ: {פּ}

Haftarah reading:

I Kings 3:1-15

(1) Solomon allied himself by marriage with Pharaoh king of Egypt. He married Pharaoh's daughter and brought her to the City of David [to live there] until he had finished building his palace, and the House of GOD, and the walls around Jerusalem. (2) The people, however, continued to offer sacrifices at the open shrines, because up to that time no house had been built for GOD's name. (3) And Solomon, though he loved GOD and followed the practices of his father David, also sacrificed and offered at the shrines. (4) The king went to Gibeon to sacrifice there, for that was the largest shrine; on that altar Solomon presented a thousand burnt offerings. (5) At Gibeon GOD appeared to Solomon in a dream by night; and God said, "Ask, what shall I grant you?" (6) Solomon said, "You dealt most graciously with Your servant my father David, because he walked before You in faithfulness and righteousness and in integrity of heart. You have continued this great kindness to him by giving him a son to occupy his throne, as is now the case. (7) And

מלכים א גי:אי-ט"ו

(א) וַיִּתְחַתֵּן שָׁלֹמֹה אֵת־פַּרִעֹה מֶלֶךְ מִצְרֵיִם וַיִּקַּח אֵת־בַּת־פַּרִעה וַיִבִיאֶהָ אֵל־עִיר דַּוְד עַד כַּלֹתוֹ לְבָנוֹת אֵת־בֵּיתוֹ וְאֵת־בֵּית יהוה וְאֵת־חוֹמַת יִרוּשָׁלֵם סָבִיב: (ב) רָק הָעָָם מִזַבִּחִים בַּבַּמִוֹת כִּי לְא־נִבְנֶה בַיִּת' לְשֵׁוִם יהוה עַד הַיָּמִים הָהָם: {פּ} (ג) וַיָּאֵהַב שׁלֹמֹה אַת־יהוה לַלֵּבֶבת בַּחַקּוֹת דַּוָד אַבִיו רָק בַּבַּמוֹת הוּא מִזַבֵּחַ וּמַקטִיר: (ד) וַיֵּלֵךְ הַמֵּלֵךְ גִּבִעֹנָה` לזבח שם כי־היא הבמה הַגָּדוֹלָה אֵלֶף עֹלוֹת ֹיַעֵלֶה שׁלֹמֹה עַל הַמִּזִבֵּחַ הַהְוּא: (ה) בִּגִבִעוֹן נָרָאָה יהוה אֱל־שָׁלֹמָה בַּחֲלִוֹם הַלַּיִלָה וַיֹּאמֶר אֱלֹהִים שָאַל מַה אָתֶן־לָך: (ו) וַיֹּאמֶר שָׁלֹמֹה אַתַּה עָשִׂיתָ עִם־עַבְדְּךְ דָוָד אַבִּיֹ חֵסֵד גָדוֹל בַּאַשׁר הָלַךְ לִפָּנִיךְ בַּאֵמָת וּבִצְדָקָה וּבְיִשְׁרָת לֵבָב עִפָּגְך וַתִּשָּׁמַר־לוֹ אֵת־הַחֵמֶד הַגַּדוֹל הַלֵּה וַתִּתֵּן־לִוֹ בֵן י*שֵׁ*ב עַל־כִּסִאְוֹ כַּיוֹם הַזַּה: (ז) וִעַתַּה יהוה אֱלֹהַי אַתַה' הָמַלַכָתַ אַת־עַבִּדְּדְּ תַּחַת דוד אַבִי ואַנכִי נַעַר קַטון לא אָדַע

now, my ETERNAL God, You have made Your servant king in place of my father David; but I am a young lad, with no experience in leadership. (8) Your servant finds himself in the midst of the people You have chosen, a people too numerous to be numbered or counted. (9) Grant, then, Your servant an understanding mind to judge Your people, to distinguish between good and bad; for who can judge this vast people of Yours?" (10) Pleased that Solomon had asked for this, (11) God said to him, "Because you asked for this—you did not ask for long life, you did not ask for riches, you did not ask for the life of your enemies, but you asked for discernment in dispensing justice— (12) I now do as you have spoken. I grant you a wise and discerning mind; there has never been anyone like you before, nor will anyone like you arise again. (13) And I also grant you what you did not ask for—both riches and glory all your life—the like of which no king has ever had. (14) And I will further grant you long life, if you will walk in My ways and observe My laws and commandments, as did your father David." (15) Then Solomon awoke: it was a dream! He went to Jerusalem, stood before the Ark of the Covenant of the Sovereign One, and sacrificed

צֵאת וַבִּא: (ח) וִעַבִּדְּדְּ בִּתוֹךְ עַמִּךְ אַשֵׁר בָּחָרָתִּ עַם־רָּב אֵשַׁרִ לא־יִמַנֶה וְלָא יִסָפֵר מֵרְב: (ט) וְנָתַתַּ לְעַבִּדְּךְ לֶב שֹמֵעֵ לְשָׁפִּט אָת־עַמִּךְּ לִהָבִין בַּין־טוָב לְרֶע כִּי מִי יוּכַל"לִשָּׁפֹּט אֶת־עַמְדְ הַכָּבֶד הַזָּה: (י) וַיִּיטַב הַדָּבָר בְּעֵינֵיַ אדני בִּי שַׁאֵל שׁלמה אֵת־הַדְּבָר הַזָּה: (יא) וַיֹּאמָר אֵלהִים אַלַיו יַּעַן אַשֶּׂר שַאַלְתַּ אֵת־הַדָּבַר הַזָּה וְלֹא־שָׁאַלְתַּ לְּךֹּ יַמְים רַבִּים וָלְא־שַאַלְתַּ לְדְ'עֹשֵׁר וִלְא שַאַלְתַּ נַפַש איִבֵיך וִשָּאַלְתַּ לְּדְ הָבִין לְשָׁמִעַ מִשָּׁפַּט: (יב) הָנֵה עַשִּׂיתִי כִּדְבַרֵיךְ הָנָהוּ נַתַמִּי לִדְּ לֵב חַכַם ּוְנַבֿוֹן אֲשֵׁר כַּמוֹדְ'לֹא־הָיָה לְפַּנִּידְ וְאַחֵרֵיךְ לֹא־יָקוּם כָּמְוֹךְ: (יג) וְגַם אֲשֵׁר לָא־שַאַלְתַּ' נַתַתִּי לַּדְ גַם־עָשֶׁר גַּם־כָּבוָוֹד אֵשׁׁר לְא־הַיַּה בַמוּך אִישׁ בַּמְּלָכִים כָּל־יָמֶיך: (יד) וָאָםו תֵּלֶךְ בִּדְרָכַי לְשִׁמִר חַקּי'וּמִצִוּתִּׁי כָּאֵשֵׁר הָלָךְ דְּוַיָּד אָבִיך וְהַאֲרַכְתִּי אֶת־יָכֶיך: {ס} (טו) וַיִּקַץ שָׁלֹמְה וִהִנֵּה חֵלְוֹם וַיָּבוֹא יִרְוּשָׁלַם וַיַּעֵמְדוּ לִפְּנֵין אָרָון בְּרִית־אדני וַיַּעַל עלות וַיַּעֵשׁ שִׁלָּמִים וַיַּעַשׁ מִשְׁתֵּה לְכַל־עָבַדִיו: {פּ}

burnt offerings and presented offerings of well-being; and he made a banquet for all his courtiers.